





Effects Trinexapac-ethyl (TE) on Established Meadow Bromegrass Seed Crop

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Introduction

Trinexapac-ethyl is commonly used on grass seed crops in Oregon, Denmark and New Zealand to improve harvestability and seed yields. This plant growth regulator (PGR) shortens internodes which reduces lodging and allows for better pollination, seed set and harvesting. Data collected on perennial ryegrass and tall fescue in Oregon has shown TE can reduce seed head length and increase seeds/head which leads to an increase in seeds/m2.

In Canada, Parlay (trinexapac-ethyl) is registered on perennial ryegrass grown for seed production. It is a Syngenta product distributed by BrettYoung Seeds. The Peace Region Forage Seed Association is aiming to increase the label registration to include clovers, bromegrasses, timothy and creeping red fescue through the completion of research and field scale trials if the product shows potential.

Figure 1. TE on meadow brome in 2015.

Materials and methods

Trials were conducted on established creeping red fescue, timothy and meadow bromegrass seed crops at AAFC Beaverlodge in 2015, 2016 and 2017. Parlay was applied at 3 rates x 2 stages to small plot (2 x 10 m) RCB with 4 replicates. Grasses received a fall nitrogen application. Some treatments included early spring applied UAN with and without growth regulator (Table 1).

Summary

Seed

Yield

kg/ha

AAFC Beaverlodge received above average precipitation in both 2015 and 2016. Applications of TE reduced plant heights and lodging in both TE has not significantly increased seed yields of meadow years. bromegrass in trials to date. Seed yields were variable among treatments in 2016. No seed yield increase from additional spring applied UAN although trend for highest yields with spring UAN+TE (midrate at 2 nodes). TE has not affected 1000 kwt or seed germination.

| Table 1. Growth Regulator Tre | eatment List |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
|-------------------------------|--------------|

| Treatment (kg ai/ha) | | Stage | UAN (spring applied) | | |
|-------------------------|----|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | 1 | 0.200 | 2 Nodes | | 1.91 1.61 |
| 1. 180 L | 2 | 0.300 | 2 Nodes | | and head |
| | 3 | 0.400 | 2 Nodes | | No. Person |
| | 4 | 0.200 | Heading | | a all have a |
| | 5 | 0.300 | Heading | | and the second second |
| | 6 | 0.400 | Heading | | -3 COM-16- |
| | 7 | 0.300 + UAN | 2 Nodes | 40 lbs of N/acre* | Sharely 1 |
| | 8 | 0.300 + UAN | Heading | 40 lbs of N/acre* | 12200 |
| | 9 | UAN | | 40 lbs of N/acre* | *50 I/acre of UAN |
| | 10 | Check | | | A Star |

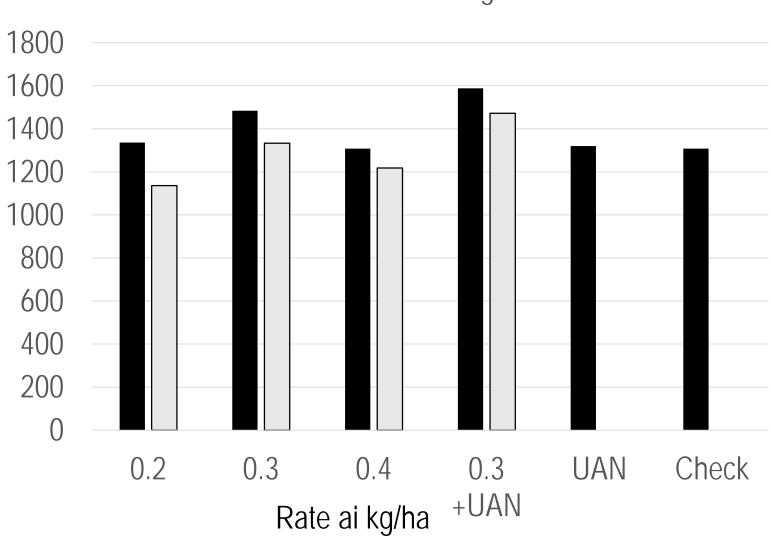
Table 2. Growing Season Precipitation (inches)

| | 2016 | 2015 | LTA (1981-2011) |
|-----------|------|------|--------------------|
| Мау | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| June | 4.5 | 3.6 | 2.5 |
| July | 2.3 | 5.8 | 2.8 |
| August | 8.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| September | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.7 |
| October | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| TOTAL | 20.5 | 14.4 | 11.9 |

Table 3. Effects of trinexapac-ethyl on a 1st year stand of meadow bromegrass 2015.

| Treatment kg ai/ha | Plant Height (cm) | Lodging (0-10) | Seed Yield (kg/ha) | Germination (%) | 1000 kwt (g) |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 0.200 at 2 Nodes | 138 ab | 10 | 1336 | 92.5 | 5.376 |
| 0.300 at 2 Nodes | 135 ab | 10 | 1484 | 93.5 | 5.279 |
| 0.400 at 2 Nodes | 122 b | 10 | 1308 | 95.0 | 5.046 |
| 0.200 at Heading | 136 ab | 10 | 1136 | 91.0 | 5.561 |
| 0.300 at Heading | 128 ab | 10 | 1333 | 95.5 | 5.414 |
| 0.400 at Heading | 128 ab | 10 | 1218 | 94.0 | 5.485 |
| 0.300 at 2 Nodes + UAN | 133 ab | 10 | 1588 | 92.5 | 5.370 |
| 0.300 at Heading + UAN | 143 a | 10 | 1472 | 92.5 | 5.605 |
| UAN | 140 a | 5.3 | 1320 | 93.0 | 5.501 |
| Check | 141 a | 5.5 | 1308 | 92.0 | 5.393 |
| CV% | 5.2 | | 13.6 | 4.5 | 2.8 |
| LSD (P=.05) | 10.0 | | NSD | NSD | NSD |

Figure 2. Effects of trinexapac-ethyl on seed yields of a 1st year stand of meadow bromegrass, Beaverlodge 2015



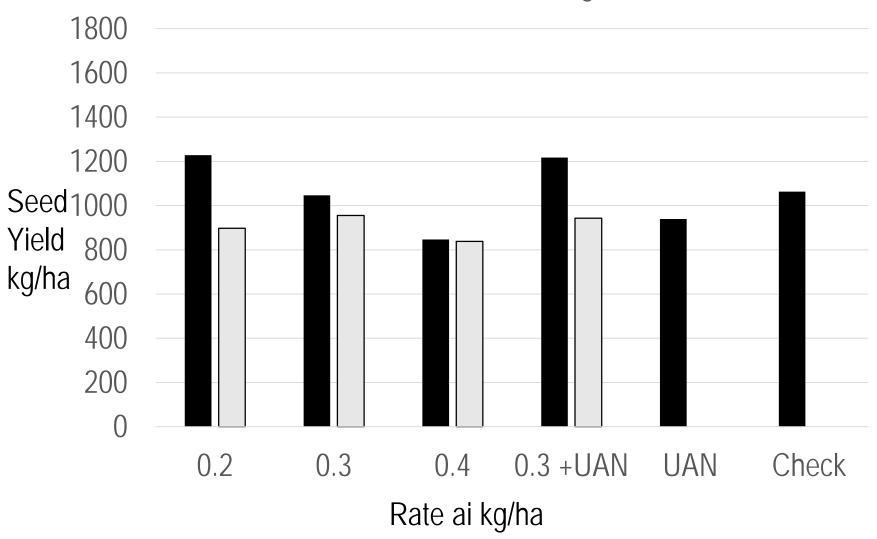
■ 2 Nodes □ Heading

Table 4. Effects of trinexapac-ethyl on a 1st year stand of meadow bromegrass 2016

| Treatment kg ai/ha | Plant Height (cm) | Lodging (0-10) | Seed Yield (kg/ha) | Germination (%) | 1000 kwt (g) |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 0.200 at 2 Nodes | 125 ab | 10 | 1228 | 46.3 | 6.055 |
| 0.300 at 2 Nodes | 123 ab | 10 | 1046 | 48.5 | 5.869 |
| 0.400 at 2 Nodes | 114 ab | 10 | 847 | 47.5 | 5.989 |
| 0.200 at Heading | 122 ab | 10 | 896 | 48.5 | 6.016 |
| 0.300 at Heading | 115 bc | 10 | 954 | 48.8 | 6.146 |
| 0.400 at Heading | 114 bc | 10 | 838 | 47.8 | 5.874 |
| 0.300 at 2 Nodes + UAN | 122 ab | 10 | 1217 | 48.3 | 6.089 |
| 0.300 at Heading + UAN | 105 c | 10 | 943 | 49.0 | 6.137 |
| UAN | 127 a | 8 | 940 | 47.0 | 5.896 |
| Check | 130 a | 7 | 1063 | 47.5 | 5.875 |
| CV% | 4.5 | | 3.4 | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| LSD (P=.05) | 7.8 | | NSD | NSD | NSD |

Figure 3. Effects of trinexapac-ethyl on seed yields of a 1st year stand of meadow bromegrass, Beaverlodge 2016

■ 2 Nodes □ Heading



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